# **MEMBERS' CODE OF CONDUCT**

This Code applies to elected Members and voting co-opted Members of Leeds City Council in all aspects of their public life. This means that the Council expects Members to follow this Code when they are conducting the work of the Council, representing the Council on any external organisation, and otherwise acting in their official capacity. The Code of Conduct does not apply to what Members do in their purely private and personal lives<sup>1</sup>.

### Part One - Standards of Conduct

You must have regard to, and act in accordance with, the following standards of conduct<sup>2</sup>:

## 1. Selflessness

You should serve only in the public interest, and should never improperly confer an advantage or disadvantage on any person, organisation or group, or any other third party.<sup>3</sup>

# 2. Honesty and Integrity

You should not place yourself in situations where your honesty and integrity may be questioned; you should not behave improperly and should avoid the appearance of such behaviour.<sup>4</sup>

# 3. Objectivity

You must make decisions based on the information before you, having had regard to any professional advice provided to you and in accordance with your view of the public interest.

You should make decisions on merit, this includes when making appointments, awarding contracts, or recommending individuals for awards or other recognition.

## 4. Accountability

You are accountable to the public for your decisions and actions and the manner in which you carry out your duties.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> When engaging in political activities such as canvassing for re-election Members are not acting in their official capacity, and for the purposes of this Code of Conduct, such political activities are considered part of a Member's private and personal life.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> And in accordance with any supplementary guidance or protocols agreed by the authority from time to time.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> This does not mean that Members are under any obligation to support or become involved in all requests for assistance from their constituents.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Where you are present at a formal meeting of the authority and identify any relevant and significant interest which is not a disclosable pecuniary interest and which relates to the business being conducted, you may declare the interest to the meeting, if you consider it is in the public interest to do so. You may also choose not to participate in the business as a result, although you are not obliged to do so.

You should not undertake any action which would bring the Council, your position, or the position of Members generally, into disrepute.

You must co-operate fully and honestly with any scrutiny appropriate to your office and with any formal standards investigation.

#### 5. **Openness**

You must be as open as possible about your actions and those of the authority, and should be prepared to give reasons for those actions.

#### 6. Leadership

You must promote and maintain high standards of conduct by supporting these principles by leadership and by example, and should act in a way that secures or preserves the confidence of others<sup>5</sup>.

You must have due regard to the impartiality and integrity of the authority's statutory officers and its other employees.

You must not bully<sup>6</sup> or harass<sup>7</sup> any person (including a council employee or other public office holder).

# Part Two – Registration and disclosure of interests

## **Registration of Interests**

- 7. Within 28 days of becoming a Member<sup>8</sup>, you must notify the Monitoring Officer of any 'disclosable pecuniary interests' which you have at that time<sup>9</sup>.
- 8. Where you are re-elected or re-appointed, notification is only required of any new disclosable pecuniary interests within 28 days of your election or co-option.
- 9. You must keep your Register of Interests entry up to date by notifying the Monitoring Officer of any changes to your disclosable pecuniary interests within 28 days of the change occurring, or of you becoming aware of the change.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Members should not instigate complaints under this Code which are politically motivated or malicious, or trivial in nature where further action would be disproportionate or not in the public

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Under this Code bullying is characterised as: offensive, intimidating, malicious or insulting behaviour; or an abuse or misuse of power in a way that intends to undermine, humiliate, criticise unfairly or iniure someone.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> Under the Code harassment is characterised as: unwanted conduct which has the purpose or effect of violating an individual's dignity or creating an intimidating, hostile, degrading, humiliating or offensive environment for an individual.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> By election or co-option

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The Monitoring Officer must enter these interests into the Register of Interests, which will be made available for public inspection and published on the Council's website.

- 10. A pecuniary interest is a 'disclosable pecuniary interest' in relation to you if it is of a type described in Appendix 1, and either:
  - (a) it is an interest of yourself, or
  - (b) it is an interest of -
    - (i) your spouse or civil partner,
    - (ii) a person with whom you are living as husband and wife, or
    - (iii) a person with whom you are living as if you are civil partners, and you are aware that that other person has the interest.
- 11. You are also required to notify the Monitoring Officer of any gifts or hospitality with an estimated value of at least £50<sup>10</sup> which you receive in your role as a Leeds City Councillor<sup>11</sup>. You must inform the Monitoring Officer of any such gifts or hospitality within 28 days of receiving them so that the details can be entered into the Register of Interests.<sup>12</sup>

#### Sensitive interests

12. If the nature of an interest is such that you and the Monitoring Officer consider that disclosure of the details of the interest could lead to you, or a person connected with you, being subject to violence or intimidation, the interest must not be included in any published version of the Register of Interests, or be entered into any copy of the register that is made available for public inspection <sup>13</sup> <sup>14</sup>.

## Disclosure of disclosable pecuniary interests at meetings

- 13. The following provisions apply if you are present at a meeting of the authority or of any committee<sup>15</sup>, sub-committee, joint committee or joint sub-committee of the authority, and you are aware that you have a disclosable pecuniary interest in a matter to be considered, or being considered, at the meeting.
- 14. If the interest is not entered in the authority's Register of Interests, you must disclose the interest to the meeting (unless the interest is a sensitive interest).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> This financial limit will be maintained in line with the definition of a donation to be declared by election candidates during local authority elections in England and Wales (as set out in Schedule 2A of the Representation of the People Act 1983).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> This does not apply to events or hospitality given by the Council and does not include civic gifts or hospitality received by the Lord Mayor of Leeds whilst acting in this capacity. Civic gifts are to be recorded in a separate register maintained by the Lord Mayor's office.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> These details will be removed from the register by the Monitoring Officer two calendar years after they were received.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Instead the Register of Interests may state that the Member has an interest the detail of which are withheld under section 32(2) of the Localism Act 2011

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> If the Member is required to disclose such an interest in a meeting, the Member need not disclose the interest, but merely the fact that the Member has a disclosable pecuniary interest in the matter concerned.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> This includes the Executive Board and any committee of the executive.

- 15. If the interest is not entered in the authority's Register of Interests and is not the subject of a pending notification, you must notify the Monitoring Officer of the interest before the end of 28 days beginning with the date of the disclosure.
- 16. Where the interest does appear in the Register of Interests, you must bring the interest to the attention of the meeting (unless the interest is a sensitive interest).
- 17. You may not:
  - (a) participate, or participate further, in any discussion of the matter at the meeting,
  - (b) participate in any vote, or further vote, taken on the matter at the meeting, or
  - (c) remain in the room during the discussion or vote on the matter (subject to paragraph 18 below).
- 18. If you are not a member of the relevant committee, sub-committee, joint committee or joint sub-committee, and are present at the meeting in another capacity, you may remain in the room to observe the proceedings but must not participate in the discussion on the matter, even as a member of the public.
- 19. In certain circumstances you may be granted a dispensation to permit you to take part in the business of the authority, even if you have a disclosable pecuniary interest relating to that business. Such dispensations are granted by the Head of Paid Service following a written request to the Monitoring Officer.

# Allegations of a Failure to Comply with Code of Conduct

20. All complaints alleging a failure to comply with this Code will be considered in accordance with a procedure agreed by full Council.

## APPENDIX 1 - DEFINITION OF A 'DISCLOSABLE PECUNIARY INTEREST'16

**Employment, office, trade, profession or vocation -** Any employment, office, trade, profession or vocation carried on for profit or gain.

**Sponsorship** - Any payment or provision of any other financial benefit (other than from the relevant authority) made or provided within the relevant period<sup>17</sup> in respect of any expenses incurred by you in carrying out your duties as a Member, or towards your election expenses. This includes any payment or financial benefit from a trade union within the meaning of the Trade Union and Labour Relations (Consolidation) Act 1992.

**Contracts** - Any contract which is made between the relevant person<sup>18</sup> (or a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest<sup>19</sup>) and the relevant authority –

- (a) under which goods or services are to be provided or works are to be executed; and
- (b) which has not been fully discharged.

**Land** - Any beneficial interest in land<sup>20</sup> which is within the area of the relevant authority.

**Licences** - Any licence (alone or jointly with others) to occupy land in the area of the relevant authority for a month or longer.

**Corporate tenancies** - Any tenancy where (to your knowledge) –

- (a) the landlord is the relevant authority; and
- (b) the tenant is a body in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest.

Securities - Any beneficial interest in securities<sup>21</sup> of a body where -

- (a) that body (to your knowledge) has a place of business or land in the area of the relevant authority; and
- (b) either -

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> As defined in The Relevant Authorities (Disclosable Pecuniary Interests) Regulations 2012/1464.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> "Relevant period" means the period of 12 months ending with the day on which the Member completes their notification.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>18</sup> "Relevant person" refers to the Member and their spouse or civil partner, or a person with whom the Member is living as husband or wife, or a person with whom the Member is living as if they were civil partners, so long as the Member is aware that that other person has the interest.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>19</sup> This means a firm in which the relevant person is a partner or a body corporate of which the relevant person is a director, or in the securities of which the relevant person has a beneficial interest. The definition of "director" includes a member of a committee of management of an industrial and provident society.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> "Land" excludes an easement, servitude, interest or right in or over land which does not carry with it a right for the relevant person (alone or jointly with another) to occupy the land or to receive income.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> "Securities" means shares, debentures, debenture stock, loan stock, bonds, units of a collective investment scheme within the meaning of the Financial Services and Markets Act 2000 and other securities of any description, other than money deposited with a building society.

- (i) the total nominal value of the securities exceeds £25,000 or one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that body; or
- (ii) if the share capital of that body is of more than one class, the total nominal value of the shares of any one class in which the relevant person has a beneficial interest exceeds one hundredth of the total issued share capital of that class.